

NUTRIC Score¹

The NUTRIC Score is designed to quantify the risk of critically ill patients developing adverse events that may be modified by aggressive nutrition therapy. The score, of 1-10, is based on 6 variables that are explained below. The scoring system is shown in Tables 1 and 2.

Table 1: NUTRIC Score variables

Variable	Range	Points
Age	<50	0
	50 - <75	1
	<u>></u> 75	2
APACHE II	<15	0
	15 - <20	1
	20-28	2
	<u>></u> 28	3
SOFA	<6	0
	6 - <10	1
	<u>≥</u> 10	2
Number of Co-morbidities	0-1	0
	<u>≥</u> 2	1
Days from hospital to ICU admission	0 - <1	0
	<u>≥</u> 1	1
IL-6	0 - <400	0
	<u>≥</u> 400	1

Table 2: NUTRIC Score scoring system: if IL-6 available

Sum of points	Category	Explanation
6-10	High Score	 Associated with worse clinical outcomes (mortality, ventilation). These patients are the most likely to benefit from aggressive nutrition therapy.
0-5	Low Score	These patients have a low malnutrition risk.

Table 3. NUTRIC Score scoring system: If no IL-6 available*

Sum of points	Category	Explanation
5-9	High Score	 Associated with worse clinical outcomes (mortality, ventilation). These patients are the most likely to benefit from aggressive nutrition therapy.
0-4	Low Score	These patients have a low malnutrition risk.

^{*}It is acceptable to not include IL-6 data when it is not routinely available; it was shown to contribute very little to the overall prediction of the NUTRIC score.

¹ Heyland DK, Dhaliwal R, Jiang X, Day AG. Identifying critically ill patients who benefit the most from nutrition therapy: the development and initial validation of a novel risk assessment tool. Critical Care. 2011;15(6):R268.